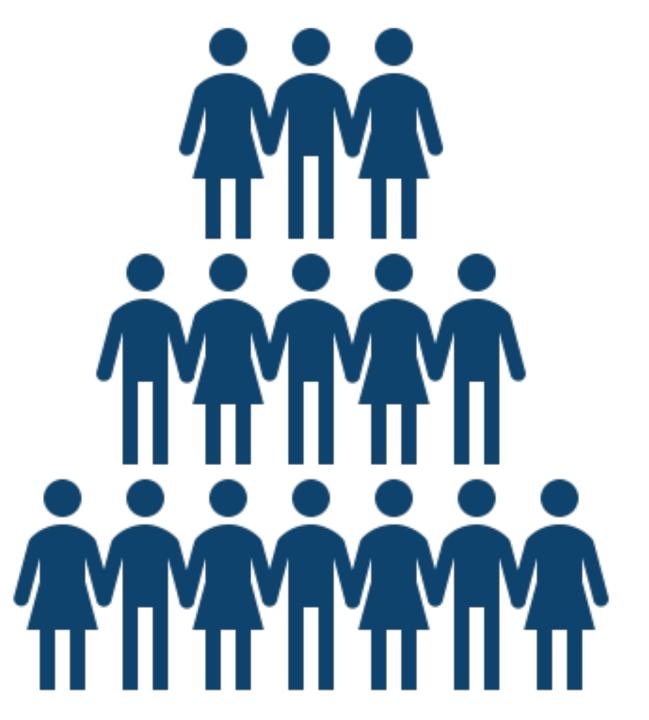
ccNSO Policy Development

country code Name Supporting Organisation

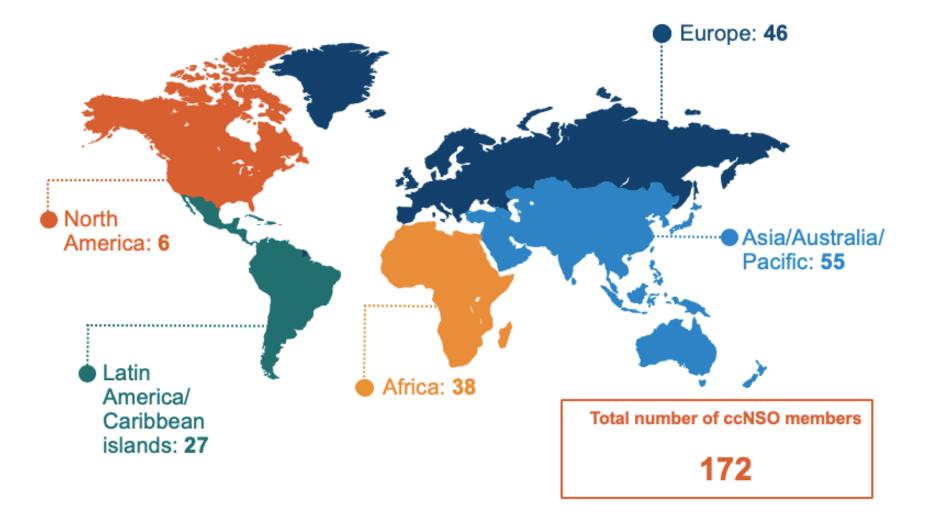


ccNSO members

- Membership in the ccNSO is currently open to all ccTLD managers responsible for managing an ISO 3166-1 country code Top-Level Domain.
- ccTLD managers who have agreed in writing to be members of the ccNSO



ccNSO Members (24 November 2020)



Bylaw definition, Article 10:

ICANN Policy Development body, which shall be responsible for:

- Developing and recommending to the Board global policies relating to country-code top-level domains;
- Nurturing consensus across the ccNSO community, including the name-related activities of ccTLDs;
- Coordinating with other ICANN Supporting Organizations, committees, and constituencies under ICANN.

The ccNSO may also engage in other activities authorized by its members.

country code Name Supporting Organisation



ccNSO Council

The ccNSO Council is responsible for managing the policy development process of the ccNSO.

However, the role of the Council evolved:

- Manages ccNSO affairs
- Represents the ccNSO
- Selects ICANN Board members (Bylaws: after suggestion of members)
- Appoints ccNSO Chair and Vice-Chairs



ccNSO Policy Development

SCOPE | Defined in Annex C - ICANN Bylaws

- Limited scope for Policy Development
- Out of scope: all policies relating to registration of ccTLD domain names (local ccTLD policies)
- Policy applies to ccTLDs by virtue of membership, however major exceptions (applicable law and breach local custom, religion or public policy)

PROCESS | Defined in Annex B - ICANN Bylaws

- Complex process
- Members vote, after Council vote
- Structural engagement GAC

CURRENTLY

- One ccPDP completed
- ccPDP3 ongoing part 1: on retirement of ccTLDs; part 2: independent review mechanism decision relating to delegation, revocation, transfer and retirement of ccTLDs
- ccPDP4 ongoing: overall IDN ccTLD policy

ccNSO PDP: main distinguishing factors

MEMBERS

If the ccNSO Members approve, the ccNSO council submits the final report to the ICANN Board.



PUBLIC NOTICE

Happens in a very early stage of the PDP



SCOPE

The scope of the ccNSO PDP is limited to the policy around the IANA function.



Country Code Names Supporting Organization (ccNSO)

The ccNSO (Council and members) works on global policies relating to country code top-level domain name (ccTLD) policies (e.g., .br, .uk).

ccNSO Policy Development Process

5



Issue manager determines if issue is

ICANN Bylaws define and limit the

within the scope of ccNSO.

- ccNSO Council, ICANN Board, Regional ccTLD organizations, SO/AC or at least 10 members of ccNSO may request Issue Report.
- ccNSO Council appoints issue manager.



PDP begins.

If issue is in scope and ccNSO

ccNSO Council gives Public Notice and opens Public Comment Period.

FINAL

Stage 1. ccNSO Council

adopted, makes recommendation to its

members.

deliberates Final Report and if

Stage 2. If members approve, ccNSO Council submits Final Report to ICANN Board.

VOTE BY ICANN

ICANN | ccNSO

Country Code Names Supporting Organization

BOARD

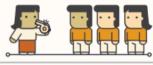
Council approves Issue Report,

DEVELOP POLICY



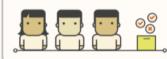
scope of issues.

INITIATE THE PDP



ccNSO Council appoints WG to develop the policy.
WG issues Initial Report.
WG opens Public Comment Period.
WG produces Final Report.
ccNSO Council requests GAC input.

VOTE BY ccNSO (TWO STAGES)



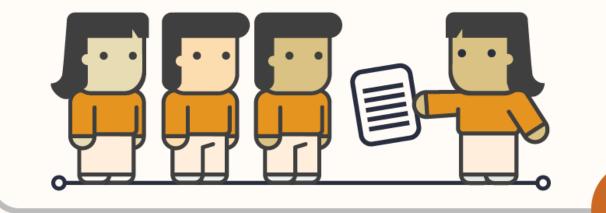
 ICANN Board votes on Final Report recommendations, but national laws remain paramount.

Learn more about the ccNSO ccnso.icann.org





REQUEST AN ISSUE REPORT



ccNSO Council, ICANN Board, Regional ccTLD organizations, SO/AC or at least 10 members of ccNSO may request Issue Report.

 ccNSO Council appoints issue manager.



Issue manager determines if issue is within the scope of ccNSO.

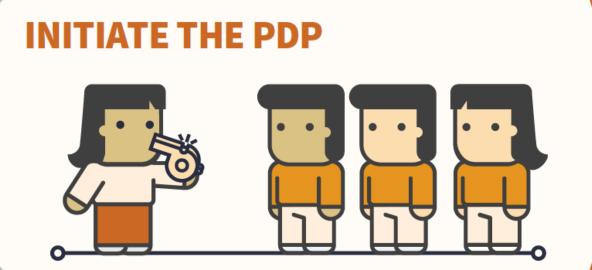
Ζ

SCOPE THE

ISSUE

ICANN Bylaws define and limit the scope of issues.





If issue is in scope and ccNSO Council approves Issue Report, PDP begins.

ccNSO Council gives Public Notice and opens Public Comment Period.



- ccNSO Council appoints WG to develop the policy.
- WG issues Initial Report.
- WG opens Public Comment Period.

DEVELOP POLICY

FINAL REPORT

WG produces Final Report.

ICANN

ccNSO Council requests GAC input.

VOTE BY ccNSO (TWO STAGES)

Stage 1. ccNSO Council deliberates Final Report and if adopted, makes recommendation to its members.

Stage 2. If members approve, ccNSO Council submits Final Report to ICANN Board.

-





 ICANN Board votes on Final Report recommendations, but national laws remain paramount.







ccPDP3

This third-ever ccNSO policy development process (PDP) related to the retirement of country code top-level domains (ccTLDs).

Aims to develop policy recommendations for the ICANN Board, which will include a review mechanism pertaining to decision on the delegation, transfer, revocation, and retirement of ccTLDs.

- **Phase 1:** focused on the retirement of the delegated Top-Level Domains associated with alpha-2 codes assigned to countries and territories listed in the ISO 3166-1 standard. Read more <u>here</u>.
- **Phase 2:** focus lies on the review mechanisms. Read more <u>here</u>.

ccPDP4

Policy Development Process (PDP) on Internationalized Domain Name (IDN) country code Top-Level Domain (ccTLD) strings.

This PDP will address a <u>limited set of issues</u> related to the selection of IDN ccTLD strings, including:

- the review of the confusing similarity evaluation process, criteria and methods for the requested IDN ccTLD strings;
- the development of policy proposals for managing IDN variant labels for top-level domains

Thank you!